



ACCU-TELL®
Troponin I Cassette
(Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma)
For in vitro diagnostic Use only

For Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma Samples

This package insert is applied to the below products:

Catalog No. Product Name

ABT-CT-B59 Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma)

INTENDED USE

ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) is a rapid visual immunoassay for the qualitative presumptive detection of cardiac Troponin I in human whole blood, serum or plasma specimens. This kit is intended for use as an aid in the diagnosis of myocardial infarction (MI).

INTRODUCTION

Cardiac Troponin I (cTnI) is a protein found in cardiac muscle with a molecular weight of 22.5 kDa. Troponin I is part of a three subunit complex comprising of Troponin T and Troponin C. Along with tropomyosin, this structural complex forms the main component that regulates the calcium sensitive ATPase activity of actomyosin in striated skeletal and cardiac muscle. After cardiac injury occurs, Troponin I is released into the blood 4-6 hours after the onset of pain. The release pattern of cTnI is similar to CK-MB, but while CK-MB levels return to normal after 72 hours, Troponin I remains elevated for 6-10 days, thus providing for a longer window of detection for cardiac injury. The high specificity of cTnI measurements for the identification of myocardial damage has been demonstrated in conditions such as the perioperative period, after marathon runs, and blunt chest trauma. cTnI release has also been documented in cardiac conditions other than acute myocardial infarction (AMI) such as unstable angina, congestive heart failure, and ischemic damage due to coronary artery bypass surgery. Because of its high specificity and sensitivity in the myocardial tissue, Troponin I has recently become the most preferred biomarker for myocardial infarction

PRINCIPLE

ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) detects cardiac Troponin I through visual interpretation of color development on the internal strip. Anti-cTnI antibodies are immobilized on the test region of the membrane. During testing, the specimen reacts with anti-cTnI antibodies conjugated to colored particles and precoated on the sample pad of the test. The mixture then migrates through the membrane by capillary action, and interacts with reagents on the membrane. If there are sufficient cTnI in the specimen, a colored band will form at the test region of the membrane. The presence of this colored band indicates a positive result, while its absence indicates a negative result. The appearance of a colored band at the control region serves as a procedural control, indicating that the proper volume of specimen has been added and membrane wicking has occurred.

MATERIALS

Materials Provided

Individually packed test devices
Package insert
Disposable pipettes
Buffer

Materials Required but Not provided

Specimen collection container
Timer
Centrifuge

PRECAUTIONS

- For professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only.

- Do not use after the expiration date indicated on the package. Do not use the test if the foil pouch is damaged. Do not reuse tests.
- This kit contains products of animal origin. Certified knowledge of the origin and/or sanitary state of the animals does not completely guarantee the absence of transmissible pathogenic agents. It is therefore recommended that these products be treated as potentially infectious, and handled observing usual safety precautions (e.g., do not ingest or inhale).
- Avoid cross-contamination of specimens by using a new specimen collection container for each specimen obtained.
- Read the entire procedure carefully prior to any testing.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens and kits are handled. Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout the procedure and follow standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when specimens are assayed.
- Do not interchange or mix reagents from different lots.
- Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.
- Used testing materials should be discarded in accordance with local regulations.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit should be stored at 2-30°C until the expiry date printed on the sealed pouch.
- The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use.
- **Do not freeze.**
- Care should be taken to protect the components of the kit from contamination. Do not use if there is evidence of microbial contamination or precipitation. Biological contamination of dispensing equipment, containers or reagents can lead to false results.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND STORAGE

- ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) is intended for use with human whole blood, serum, or plasma specimens only.
- Only clear, non-hemolyzed specimens are recommended for use with this test. Serum or plasma should be separated as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis.
- Perform testing immediately after specimen collection. Do not leave specimens at room temperature for prolonged periods. Serum and plasma specimens may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 3 days. For long term storage, specimens should be kept below -20°C. Whole blood collected by venipuncture should be stored at 2-8°C if the test is to be run within 2 days of collection. Do not freeze whole blood specimens. Whole blood collected by fingerstick should be tested immediately.
- Containers containing anticoagulants such as EDTA, citrate, or heparin should be used for whole blood storage.
- Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of specimens.
- If specimens are to be shipped, pack them in compliance with all applicable regulations for transportation of etiological agents.
- Icteric, lipemic, hemolysed, heat treated and contaminated specimens may cause erroneous results.
- There is a slight possibility that some whole blood specimens with very high viscosity or which have been stored for more than 2 days may not run properly on the test device. Repeat the test with a serum or plasma specimen from the same patient using a new test device.

PROCEDURE



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PRAXISDIENST
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Allow the test, specimen, buffer and/or controls to reach room temperature (15-30°C) prior to testing.

1. Bring the pouch to room temperature before opening it. Remove the test cassette from the sealed pouch and use it as soon as possible.
2. Place the cassette on a clean and level surface.

For Serum or Plasma specimen:

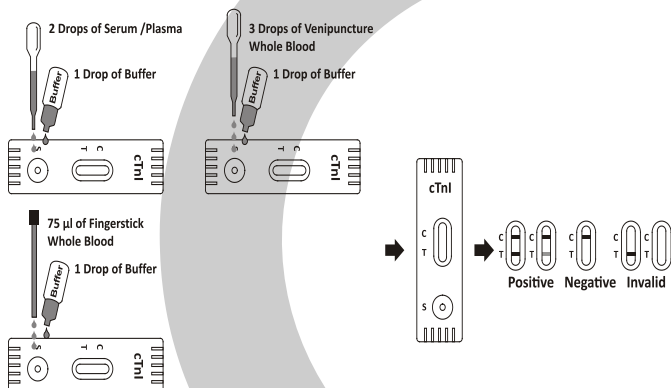
- Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 drops of serum or plasma (approximately 50µL) to the specimen area, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40µL), and start the timer. See illustration below.

For Venipuncture Whole Blood specimen:

- Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 3 drops of whole blood (approximately 75µL) to the specimen area, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40µL), and start the timer. See illustration below.

For Fingerstick Whole Blood specimen:

- To use a capillary tube: Fill the capillary tube and transfer approximately 75 µL of fingerstick whole blood specimen to the specimen area of test cassette, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40 µL) and start the timer. See illustration below.
3. Wait for the colored line(s) to appear. Read results at 10 minutes. Do not interpret the result after 20 minutes.



INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS



POSITIVE: Two colored bands appear on the membrane. One band appears in the control region (C) and another band appears in the test region (T).



NEGATIVE: Only one colored band appears, in the control region (C). No apparent colored band appears in the test region (T).



INVALID: Control band fails to appear. Results from any test which has not produced a control band at the specified read time must be discarded. Please review the procedure and repeat with a new test. If the problem persists, discontinue using the kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

NOTE:

1. The intensity of color in the test region (T) may vary depending on the concentration of analytes present in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the test region should be considered positive. Note that this is a qualitative test only, and cannot determine the concentration of analytes in the specimen.
2. Insufficient specimen volume, incorrect operating procedure or expired tests are the most likely reasons for control band failure.

QUALITY CONTROL

Internal procedural controls are included in the test. A colored band appearing in the control region (C) is considered an internal positive procedural control, confirming sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique.

External controls are not supplied with this kit. It is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

1. ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) is for professional in vitro diagnostic use, and should only be used for the qualitative detection of cardiac Troponin I. No meaning should be inferred from the color intensity or width of any apparent bands.
2. ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) will only indicate the presence of Troponin I in the specimen and should not be used as the sole criteria for the diagnosis of myocardial infarction.
3. If the test result is negative and clinical symptoms persist, additional testing using other clinical methods is recommended. The test cannot detect less than 0.5 ng/mL of cTnI in specimens. Thus, a negative result does not at anytime rule out the existence of Troponin I in blood, because the antibodies may be absent or below the minimum detection level of the test.
4. Like with all diagnostic tests, a confirmed diagnosis should only be made by a physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.
5. Some specimens containing unusually high titers of heterophile antibodies or rheumatoid factor (RF) may affect expected results. Even if the test results are positive, further clinical evaluation should be considered with other clinical information available to the physician.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Table: ACCU-TELL® Troponin I Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) vs. EIA

		ACCU-TELL® Troponin Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma)		
		+	-	Total
EIA	+	251	2	253
	-	4	648	652
		255	650	905

Relative Sensitivity:

99.2% (97.2%-99.9%)*

Relative Specificity:

99.4% (98.4%-99.8%)*

Overall Agreement:

99.3% (98.6%-99.8%)*

*95% Confidence Interval

LITERATURE REFERENCES

1. Adams, et al. Biochemical markers of myocardial injury, Immunoassay Circulation 88: 750-763, 1993.
2. Mehegan JP, Tobacman LS. Cooperative interaction between troponin molecules bound to the cardiac thin filament. J.Biol.Chem. 266:966, 1991.
3. Adams, et al. Diagnosis of Perioperative myocardial infarction with measurements of cardiac troponin I. N.Eng.J.Med 330:670, 1994.
4. Hossein-Nia M, et al. Cardiac troponin I release in heart transplantation. Ann. Thorac. Surg. 61: 227, 1996.
5. Alpert JS, et al. Myocardial Infarction Redefined, Joint European Society of Cardiology American College of Cardiology: J. Am. Coll. Cardio., 36(3):959, 2000.

GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

	Catalog number		Temperature limitation
	Consult instructions for use		Batch code
	In vitro diagnostic medical device		Use by
	Manufacturer		Do not reuse